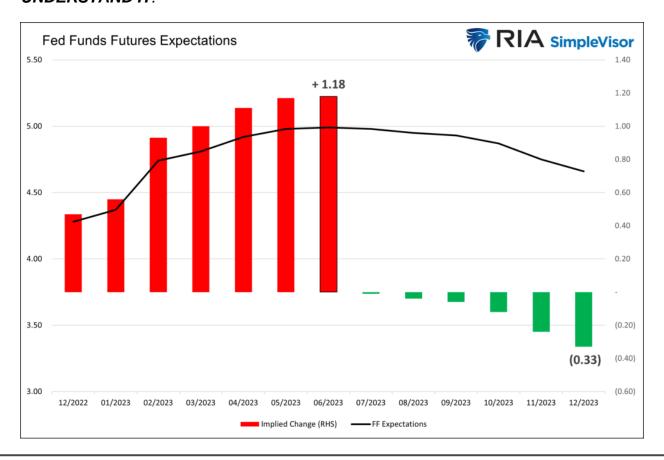


At 1:30, Jerome Powell will update the public on his views. This will be his first speech since the last FOMC meeting. We think Powell will follow the lead of Fed President Bullard on Monday and many other Fed members over the last three weeks. In particular, we believe Powell will persuade the market to "flatten the curve." This time, flattening the curve is not about covid. By flattening the curve, we allude to the Fed Funds curve. In particular, market expectations for rate hikes and rate cuts in 2023. As we share below, the Fed Funds futures market is pricing 1.18% in cumulative rate hikes by June. This likely equates to 50bps in December, followed by 25bps at the following two meetings, and a 72% chance of another 25bps rate hike in the spring.

The market and the Fed are on the same page with rate hikes. However, second-half 2023 rate cuts are where opinions between the Fed and the market differ. We think the Fed wants investors to believe they will hike rates to around 5% and leave them there for the remainder of the year. To accomplish this, flattening the Fed Funds expectations curve will be a priority. In other words, they will steer markets to back out the 33 basis points of rate cuts priced into the second half of 2023. Remember, what the Fed says and what the Fed ultimately does are often different.

FED'S BULLARD: THE MOST IMPORTANT THING IS THAT WE REACH A SUFFICIENTLY RESTRICTIVE LEVEL AND THAT **FINANCIAL MARKETS UNDERSTAND IT**.





### What To Watch Today

### **Economy**

- 7:00 a.m. ET: MBA Mortgage Applications, week ended Nov. 25 (2.2% prior)
- 8:15 a.m. ET: ADP Employment Change, November (200,000 expected, 239,000 prior)
- 8:30 a.m. ET: **GDP Annualized**, QoQ, Q3 second estimate (2.8% expected, 2.6% prior)
- 8:30 a.m. ET: **Personal Consumption**, QoQ, Q3 second estimate (1.6% expected, 1.4% prior)
- 8:30 a.m. ET: GDP Price Index, QoQ, Q3 second estimate (4.1% expected, 4.1% prior)
- 8:30 a.m. ET: Core PCE, quarter-over-quarter, Q3 second estimate (4.5% prior)
- 8:30 a.m. ET: **Advance Goods Trade Balance**, September (-\$90.6 billion expected, -\$92.2 billion prior)
- 8:30 a.m. ET: **Wholesale Inventories**, MoM, October preliminary (0.5% expected, 0.6% prior)
- 8:30 a.m. ET: **Retail Inventories**, month-over-month, October (0.5% prior)
- 9:45 a.m. ET: MNI Chicago PMI, November (47.0 expected, 45.2 prior)
- 10:00 a.m. ET: **Pending Home Sales**, month-over-month, October (-5.7% expected, -10.2% prior)
- 10:00 a.m. ET: **JOLTS Job Openings**, October (10.250 million expected, 10.717 million during prior)
- 2:00 p.m. ET: U.S. Federal Reserve Releases Beige Book

#### **Earnings**

	Company		Time	Estimate		Growth Show only confir	Sur med?	Surprise ed?		
V	RY	Royal Bank of Canada	7:20 AM ET	\$2.02	\$9.33 B	-18.2%	+	=	-	0
~	CRM	Salesforce	4:05 PM ET	\$1.20	\$7.82 B	13.9%	+	=		0
~	HRL	Hormel Foods Corp.	6:30 AM ET	\$0.50	\$3.38 B	-2.2%	+	=	-	0
~	BEKE	KE Holdings Inc.	6:00 AM ET	\$0.09	\$2.38 B	-15.3%	+	=		0
~	PVH	PVH Corp.	4:15 PM ET	\$2.13	\$2.23 B	-4.4%	+	=	-	0
~	WOOF	Petco Health and Wel	7:30 AM ET	\$0.13	\$1.49 B	3.2%	+	=	- ]	0
v	VSCO	Victoria's Secret & Co.	4:15 PM ET	\$0.23	\$1.33 B	-7.7%	+	=		0
~	D000	BRP Inc.	6:00 AM ET	\$1.78	\$1.74 B	38.0%	+	=	, <b>=</b> 1	0
~	SNPS	Synopsys, Inc.	4:05 PM ET	\$1.84	\$1.28 B	11.1%	+	=	-	0
~	XPEV	XPeng Inc.	6:00 AM ET	(\$0.46)	\$1.10 B	23.9%	+	=		0
~	DCI	Donaldson Company,	6:00 AM ET	\$0.70	\$827.04 M	8.7%	+	=	-	0
~	SPLK	Splunk Inc.	4:05 PM ET	\$0.25	\$847.11 M	27.4%	+	=		0
v	FIVE	Five Below, Inc.	4:00 PM ET	\$0.14	\$611.43 M	0.6%	+	=		0
~	LZB	La-Z-Boy, Inc.	4:15 PM ET	\$0.86	\$598.03 M	3.8%	+	=		0
~	PSTG	Pure Storage, Inc.	4:00 PM ET	\$0.25	\$665.02 M	18.2%	+	=		0
V	TITN	Titan Machinery Inc.	6:45 AM ET	\$1.15	\$597.35 M	31.6%	+	=		0
V	LESL	Leslie's, Inc.	7:00 AM ET	\$0.32	\$470.73 M	15.1%	+	=	-	0
V	NTNX	Nutanix, Inc.	4:05 PM ET	(\$0.12)	\$410.64 M	8.5%	+	=		0
~	OKTA	Okta, Inc.	4:00 PM ET	(\$0.24)	\$465.42 M	32.7%	+	=	-	0
~	SNOW	Snowflake	4:05 PM ET	\$0.04	\$538.00 M	60.9%	+	=		0
Y	вох	Box, Inc.	4:05 PM ET	\$0.30	\$251.07 M	12.1%	+	=		0
4	ESTC	Elastic N.V.	4:10 PM ET	(\$0.10)	\$261.39 M	26.9%	+	=		0
v	SMTC	Semtech Corp.	4:20 PM ET	\$0.63	\$175.49 M	-10.0%	+	=		0

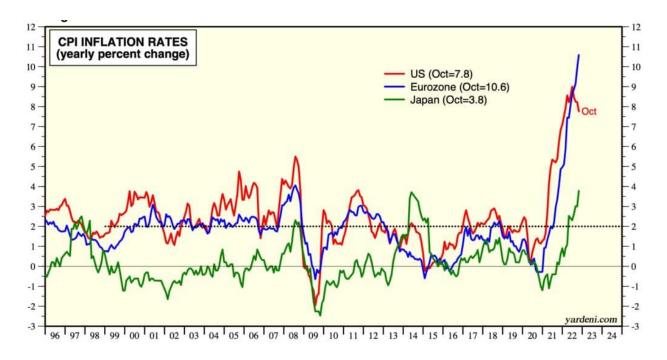
# **Market Trading Update**

The market traded lower again yesterday but held on to short-term support at the bottom of the recent trading range. The good news is the 20-dma is close to crossing the 100-dma, but the market needs to rally soon to get that bullish cross. The not-so-good news is the MACD "buy signal" that triggered our rally call almost 6-weeks ago is very close to triggering a "sell." With nearby support, the market could trade sideways for a couple of weeks and work off the overbought condition. However, a break below the 100-dma sets up a quick test of the 50-dma and then September lows following that. Continue to take profits and rebalance risks accordingly for the moment.



## Inflation in Perspective

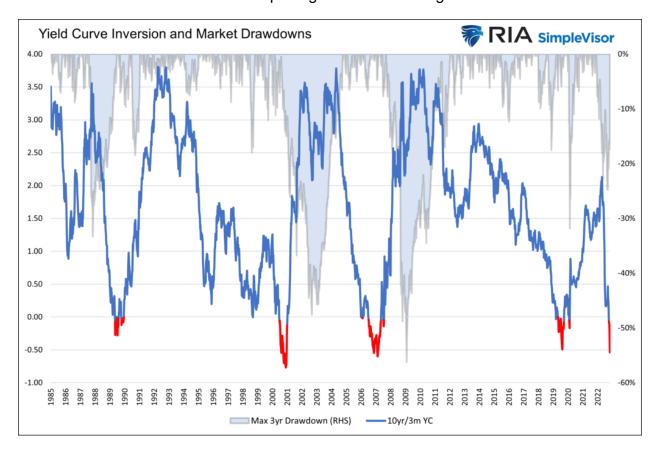
The graph below from Ed Yardeni shows why the Fed is concerned with inflation. As it shows, U.S. inflation is likely peaking but remains well above the Fed's 2% target. Further, inflation in Japan and Europe hasn't peaked yet. Given our large trade deficits, the Fed must consider the influence of higher prices abroad. Additionally, if markets think the Fed is close to its terminal rate, but foreign central banks still have more rate hikes to do, the dollar may weaken, which introduces inflationary effects. The counter-argument to a weaker dollar is that the Fed is removing liquidity via QT and has no plans to stop QT. As such, the supply of dollars is declining. Given the growing need for dollars abroad for trade and maintaining foreign dollar-denominated debt, increasing demand for dollars alongside a falling supply may keep the dollar bid despite a relatively less hawkish Fed.



### **Yield Curves and Stock Market Drawdowns**

The graph below sheds light on the recent inversion of the 10yr/3m UST curve and what we might expect from the stock market. Here are a few key takeaways:

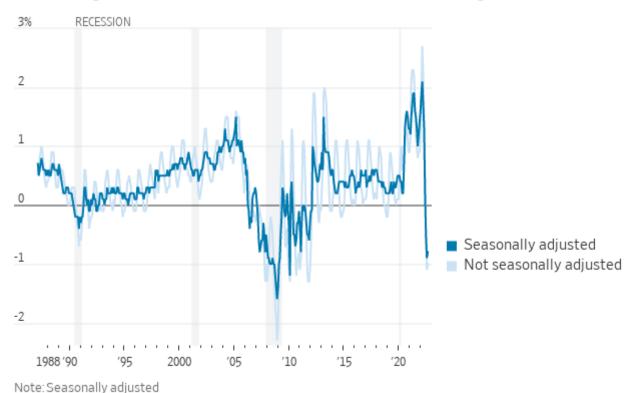
- Since 1965 the 10yr-3m curve has inverted eight times, and a recession followed in all cases.
- We should expect the maximum drawdown for this bear market to occur after the curve reinverts and is closer to peaking.
- It can take two years between the most negative inversion and the stock market trough.
- The current inversion is approaching similar levels as in 2000 and 2008. The curve will likely further invert until the market starts pricing in the Fed easing of rates.



### **Home Prices Slide For 3rd Straight Month**

"Home prices fell in September from the prior month, marking the first time prices have declined for three straight months in nearly four years. The S&P CoreLogic Case-Shiller National Home Price Index, which measures home prices across the nation, fell 1% in September from August. Home prices in many major cities had been booming for years before the pandemic-fueled home buying spree pushed prices even higher. That surge reversed abruptly this year due to a rapid rise in mortgage rates, which made homebuying far less affordable and pushed many buyers out of the market, Nicole Friedman reports" - WSJ

### S&P CoreLogic Case-Shiller National Home Price Index, 1-month change

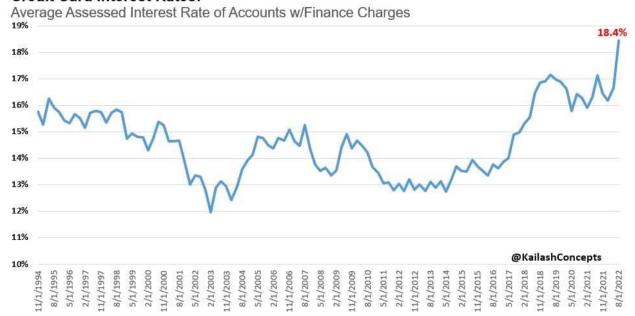


Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices

### **Credit Card Interest**

Yesterday we mentioned many consumers' sharply rising use of credit card debt to help make ends meet. The graph below, courtesy of <u>Kailash Concepts</u>, points out another important consideration with credit card debt. The average interest rate on credit cards is now over 18%, the highest in at least 25 years. The high-interest rate on credit card debt will further limit the ability of many consumers to consume. Think of the surge of credit and the rising interest rates as a future tax on consumption. Once again, we remind you that consumption accounts for about two-thirds of economic growth.

#### **Credit Card Interest Rates:**

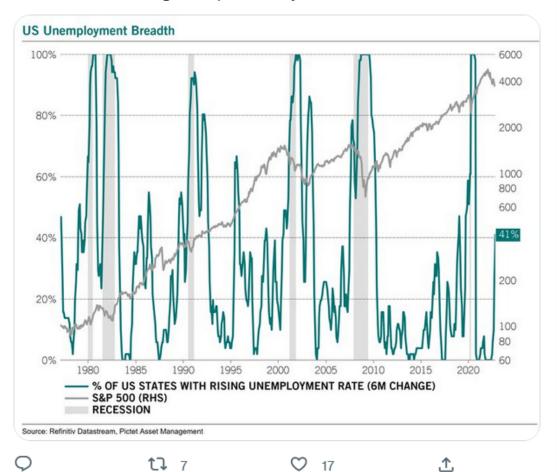


## Tweet of the Day



### Steve Donzé @steve\_donze · 16h

US state by state unemployment dynamics are paler than nationwide conditions. Something to keep a close eye on.



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