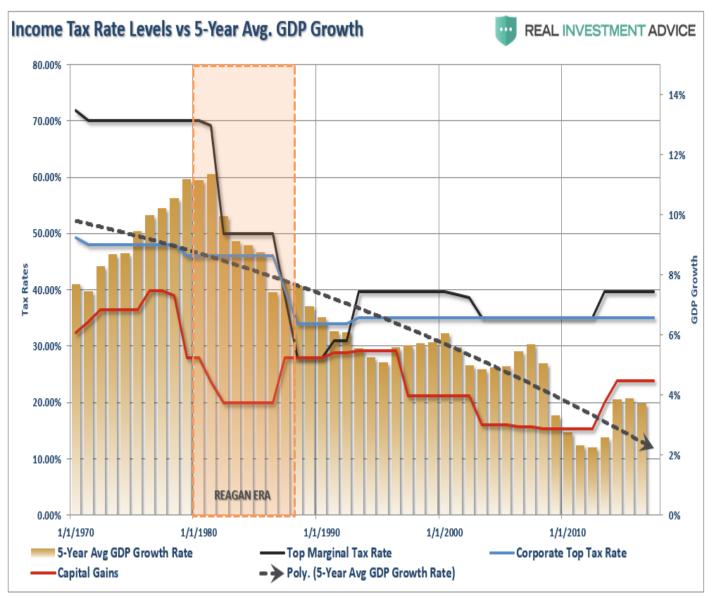


I have spilled a lot of digital ink over the last few years on the trajectory of debt, spending and the impact of fiscal irresponsibility. Most of it has fallen on "deaf ears" particularly in the rush to pass "tax reform" without underlying fiscal restraints. To wit:

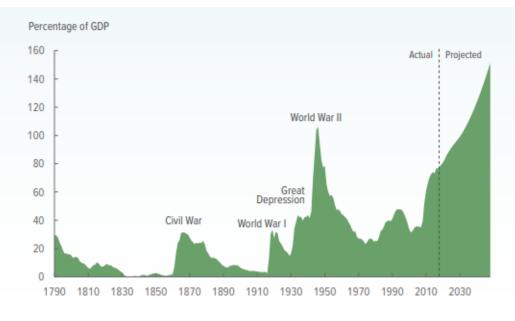
"The recently approved budget was an anathema to any fiscally conservative policy. As the Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget stated: 'Republicans in Congress laid out two visions in two budgets for our fiscal future, and today, they choose the path of gimmicks, debt, and absolutely zero fiscal restraint over the one of responsibility and balance. Passing fiscally irresponsible budgets just for the sake of passing ?tax cuts,? is, well, irresponsible. Once again, elected leaders have not listened to, or learned, what their constituents are asking for which is simply adherence to the Constitution and fiscal restraint.' I then followed this up this past Monday with ?3 Myths Of Tax Cuts? *stating:'Tax cuts do not pay for themselves; they can create growth,

but in the amount of tenths of percentage points, not whole percentage points. And they certainly cannot fill in trillions in lost revenue.•Relying on growth projections that no independent forecaster says will happen isn?t the way to do tax reform. **As the chart below shows there is ZERO evidence that tax cuts lead to stronger sustained rates of economic growth.**•The chart compares the highest tax rate levels to 5-year average GDP growth. Since Reagan passed tax reform, average economic growth rates have only gone in one direction."

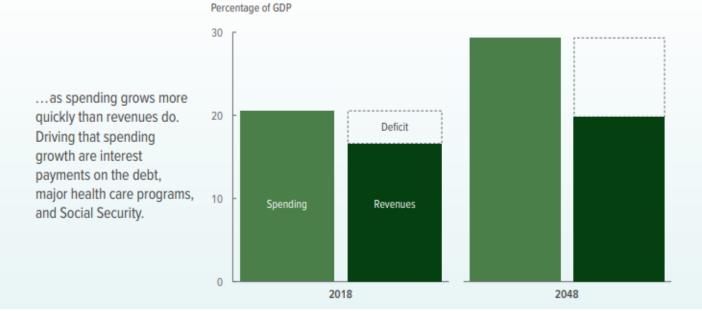


The reason for the history lesson is the CBO (Congressional Budget Office) has just released a new report confirming exactly what we have been saying for the last two years.

"In CBO?s projections, the federal budget deficit, relative to the size of the economy, grows substantially over the next several years, stabilizes for a few years, and then grows again over the rest of the 30-year period, leading to federal debt held by the public that would approach 100 percent of gross domestic product (GDP) by the end of the next decade and 152 percent by 204 doreover, if lawmakers changed current laws to maintain certain policies now in place? preventing a significant increase in individual income taxes in 2026, for example? the result would be even larger increases in debt. The federal government? s net interest costs are projected to climb sharply as interest rates rise from their currently low levels and as debt accumulates. Such spending would about equal spending for Social Security, currently the largest federal program, by the end of the projection period."



Under current law, federal debt held by the public is projected to increase sharply over the next 30 years...



My friends at the Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget summed up the issues well.

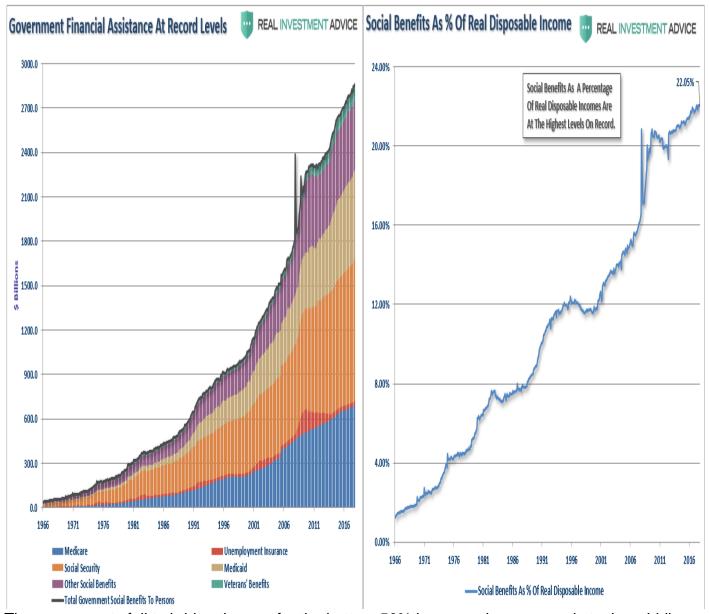
- Debt Is Rising Unsustainably.
- Spending Is Growing Faster Than Revenue. •
- Recent Legislation Will Substantially Worsen the Long-Term Outlook if Extended. •
- High And Rising Debt Will Have Adverse and Potentially Dangerous Consequences (Will lead to another financial crisis.)
- Major Trust Funds Are Headed Toward Insolvency.•
- Fixing the Debt Will Get Harder the Longer Policymakers Wait.

While the CRFB suggests that lawmakers need to work together to address this bleak fiscal picture now so problems do not compound any further, there is little hope that such will actually be the case given the deep partisanship currently running the country. As I have stated before, choices will have to be made either by choice or force. The CRFB agrees with my assessment.

"CBO continues to remind us what we?ve known for a while and seem to be ignoring: the federal budget is on an unsustainable course, particularly over the long term. If policymakers make the tough decisions now? rather than wait until there?s a crisis point for action? the solutions will be fairer and less painful."

I am not hopeful. With government dependency at record levels as a percentage of disposable

incomes (22.05%), the outlook for the economy will continue to become less bright as Government transfer payments only offset a small fraction of the increase in pre-tax inequality.



These payments fail to bridge the gap for the bottom 50% because they go mostly to the middle class and the elderly. With wage growth virtually stagnant over the last 20-years, the average American is still living well beyond their means which explains the continued rise in debt levels. The reality is that economic growth will remain mired at lower levels as savings continue to be diverted from productive investment into debt service. The **estructural shift** equite apparent as burdensome debt levels prohibit the productive investment necessary to fuel higher rates of production, employment, wage growth, and consumption. Many will look back at this point in the future and wonder why governments failed to use such artificially low-interest rates and excessive liquidity to support the deleveraging process, fund productive investments, refinance government debts, and restructure unfunded social welfare systems. Instead, those in charge continue to **Make America More Indebted." As individuals, we must realize we can only depend on ourselves for our financial security and work to ensure our own fiscal solvency. As my father used to preach:

"Hope for the best, prepare for the worst, and remember the best rescue is a self-rescue."•

Be hopeful. Just don't be dependent. Just something to think about as you catch up on your weekend reading list.

Economy & Fed

- U.S. Should Roll Out The "Red Carpet" by Caroline Baum via MarketWatch
- If Trade War Is Good, Why Are Companies Planning Layoffs? by Ben Popken via NBC News
- Will Baby Boomers Leave Us Busted? by Judd Gregg via The Hill
- The Next Recession Is Set To Startby Adam Taggart via Peak Prosperity
- The Truth About Socialismby Lawrence McQuillan via FEE
- Free Government Money For Allby Simon Constable via Forbes
- Everyone Loses In A Trade Warby Robert Samuelson via RCM
- Fed Rosengren: Time To Prepare For The Next Recession by Tyler Durden via ZeroHedge
- Supreme Court Unleashes A Tax Nightmareby Grover Norquist via USA Today
- Trade War Chessby Richard Berman via The Washington Times
- 60-Hours Of GOP Dysfunction On Spendingby Brian Riedl via Manhattan Institute
- The Real Cost Of A Trade Warby Mukhisa Kituyi via Project Syndicate
- The Cost Of Providing Health Care To Illegals by David Catron via The American Spectator
- The New Tax Form Is More Complicated Than Everby Jim Tankersley via NYT

Markets

- BofA: The ?800 Billion Cliffby Tyler Durden via ZeroHedge
- Machines Warn Of Significant Downside Riskby Shawn Langlois via MarketWatch
- This Dow Level Could Be Triggering A Buy Signalby Mark Hulbert via MarketWatch
- Asset Prices Are Divorced From Economic Reality by Macromon via Global Macro Monitor
- 3-Charts: Why Emerging Market Stocks Are Getting Crushed by Mark DeCambre via MarketWatch
- Bulls Toeing The Trendline Dy Dana Lyons via The Lyons Share
- Implicit Dangers Of Passive Investingby Derek Bergen via Value Expectations
- The Dramatic Expansion Of Corporate Bonds by Timothy Taylor via Conversable Economist
- Yield Curve Sends A Recession Warningby Matt Phillips via NYT
- All That Repatriated Cash Went To Buybacks, And Then Some by Dr. Ed Yardeni via <u>Yardeni.com</u>
- Perspective On Valueby Jeff Troutner via Equis Partners
- Mark It On Your Calendar•by Kevin Muir via The Macro Tourist
- The Next Bear Market Will Spark A Retirement Crisisby Howard Gold via MarketWatch

Most Read On RIA

- The Myth Of Buy And Hold Investing Part IV by L. Roberts, M. Lebowitz & J. Coumarianos
- The Beer Betby Lance Roberts
- The Titanic May Be Soon Hitting The Iceby Doug Kass
- Everyone's Got A Planby Lance Roberts

- Are Stock Multiples Moving Targets? by John Coumarianos
- The Psychological Side Of Retirement by Danny Ratliff, CFP

Research / Interesting • Reads

- Risks Pile Up Quietly In Corporate Bond Marketby Wolf Richter via Wolf Street
- 15-Million Retirees Face Declining Standard Of Living by Patrick Hill via The Progressive Ensign
- Forget Saving More, Work Longerby Jessica Dickler via CNBC
- I Delivered Packages For Amazon, It Was A Nightmare by Alana Semuels via The Atlantic
- When Buffett Retires, Break Up Berkshire Hathaway by Tim Mullaney via MarketWatch
- There Will Be Another Financial Crisisby Doug Lynn via The Toll Online.com
- Inequality In America: 40-Million In Povertyby Tyler Durden via ZeroHedge
- A New Global Debt Crisis Has Begun by James Rickards via Daily Reckoning
- Buy High/Sell Low With Index Funds by Rob Arnott via Research Affiliates
- Don't Rush To Take Social Security by Dan Caplinger via Motley Fool
- Retiring With Debt? by Susan Tompor via USA Today
- Do You Have Enough To Retire by Christine Benz via MorningStar
- It Ain't What You Don't Know That Gets You In Trouble by Cliff Asness via AQR Capital Mgmt

? Wall Street is a street with a river at one end and a graveyard at the other." - Fred Schwed, Jr.

Questions, comments, suggestions? please email me.